(Linear Independence, basis, dimension.)

Write the vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} as a linear combination of vectors \vec{u} , \vec{v} and \vec{w} . Is the expression unique?

1.
$$\vec{u} = (1; 3; 2), \ \vec{v} = (2; -1; 3), \ \vec{w} = (5; 1; 8)$$

 $\vec{a} = (3; 2; 5), \ \vec{b} = (5; 6; 7)$

2.
$$\vec{u} = (3;4;5), \ \vec{v} = (-6;7;0), \ \vec{w} = (8;-9;1)$$

 $\vec{a} = (23;-19;6), \ \vec{b} = (-20;23;-1)$

3.
$$\vec{u} = (4;0;7;2), \ \vec{v} = (3;1;0;5), \ \vec{w} = (5;3;1;0)$$

 $\vec{a} = (3;1;8;-8), \ \vec{b} = (0;0;0;1)$

Matrices - multiplication

Compute matrix $C = A \cdot B$ and $D = B \cdot A$ if possible:

4.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, \qquad B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

5.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad B = A^2$$

6.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

7.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi & -\sin \varphi \\ \sin \varphi & \cos \varphi \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad B = A^T$$

Compute unknowns x and $y \in \mathbb{R}$ in following equality:

8.

$$\begin{pmatrix} x+y & -3 \\ -2 & x-y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 \\ -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^T$$